

# MID - Product Overview

Non-Contact / tactile certified length measurement MID 2014/32/EU

Product Overview Q1/2020 - Version 1.0





#### **Product Information**

If within the European market, goods are sold by length or area, they have to be measured by calibrated and certified length measurement machines. The European Measurement Instruments Directive MID 2014/23/EU requires, that such length measurement machines have to pass a conformity assessment. For this purpose ELOVIS provides contact and non-contact length measurement systems acc. to MID 2014/32/EU. The non-contact µSPEED Laser-Encoder, as well as contact-wheel driven encoders, both in combination with the MID-COUNTER. The ELOVIS MID-COUNTER is equipped with a long-term memory, which stores over 4 million measurement results and additionally offers numerous control functions and interfaces. The ELOVIS consultation on MID topics is appreciated and often used in the market.

Most important system features:

- depending on the application, sensors can be tactile with wheel encoder or non-contact using laser encoders
- verifiable according to MID 2014/32/EU
- legal security nationally and internationally

## **Advantages**

## compared to other tactile MID length measurement systems:

- calibration and gearing function
- large long-term memory
- network usable
- control functions (cutting control, ...)
- label printer available

## in comparison to other non-contact MID length measuring systems:

- smallest system in the market
- most user friendly system in the market
- permanently calibrated
- very long life time
- very good price / performance ratio
- developped and produced in Germany



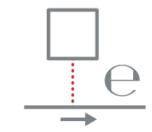




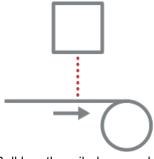


**Figures on page 2:** Calibrated tactile and non-contact length measurement; artificial leather, fabric inspection, non-woven, foil

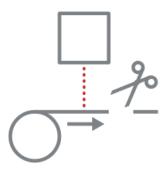




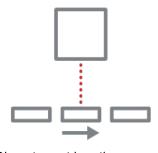
Calibratable length measurement



Roll length, coiled or spooled length



Cut-to-length control



Discrete part length measurement



Area measurement

## **Application Overview**

Calibratable and certified length measurement acc. to MID 2014/32/EU:

## Measurement of roll lenghts / material inspection:

of web, sheet, ribbon and rolled goods such as:

- textile
- carpet
- nonwoven
- artificial leather
- foil, film
- self-adhesive film, tape
- paper, corrugated cardboard
- rubber
- laminate
- roofing membranes, bitumen membranes
- sealing membranes
- sheet metal coils

#### Measurement of coiled or spooled lengths:

of winding and coiled materials such as:

- cable, sea cable, umbilical
- wire
- rope
- tube
- profiles

#### Cut-to-length control:

for production of short rolls, plates, tiles, sections, pipes, beams, blanks

- all the above mentioned materials
- bars, profiles, rails
- plasterboard, chipboard, MDF boards
- insulation boards
- wooden beams, wooden panels, KVH
- metal and plastic pipes

#### Length as part of an area measurement:

- paper area measurement
- nonwoven area measurement
- artificial leather area measurement
- foils area measurement
- ... in combination with a width measurement



## **Application Examples**

The MID-COUNTER has been developed for all length measuring tasks where the legislator requires calibration. When using the MID-COUNTER, system builders and plant operators have the option of using either non-contact or tactile encoders.

#### **Non-contact Gauges:**

µSPEED Laser-Encoders work on almost all moving materials and also on difficult to measure surfaces:

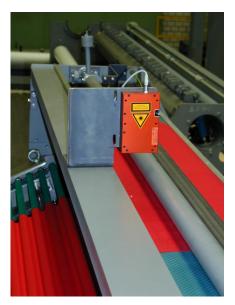
- soft, elastic surfaces
- uneven and wavy surfaces
- surfaces with different thicknesses Laser-Encoders are suitable for applications:
- with strong accelerations
- high maximum speeds

#### Tactile / touching Sensors:

Measuring wheel-encoders µSPEED-WE work on many moving materials but rather on easy measurable surfaces:

- solid, stable, non-elastic surfaces
- flat surfaces
- surfaces with constant thicknesses Measuring wheel encoders are suitable for the following applications:
- with moderate accelerations
- low maximum speeds











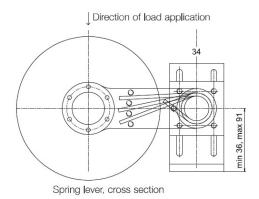


Fig.: Wheel-Encoder - µSPEED-WE

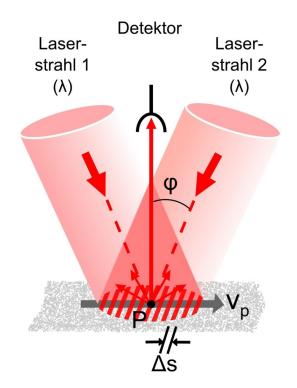


Fig.: Laser-Encoder - µSPEED-SMART / PRO

#### Figures on page 4:

Calibrated length and area measurement in the fields of:

Fabrics inspection; cable; carpet; paper and nonwoven

### Measurement Principle

#### Wheel-Encoder - µSPEED-WE

work tactile and require static friction to the material to be measured. Depending on the material, the measuring wheel surface must be selected accordingly. The measuring wheel drives an incremental encoder by rotation. This provides a quadrature signal to the MID-COUNTER.

#### Laser-Encoder - µSPEED

work without contact and largely independent from material surface, according to the differential doppler method, where two laser beams, each incident at an angle  $\varphi$  to the optical axis, are superimposed on the surface of the measurement object. For a point P moving at the velocity v through the intersection of the two laser beams, the frequencies of the two laser beams are doppler-shifted. The two laser beams are superimposed in the measurement volume, creating an interference pattern of light and dark stripes. The stripe distance  $\Delta s$  is a constant which depends on the laser wavelength  $\lambda$  and on the angle between the measuring beams  $2\varphi$ :  $\Delta s = \lambda/(2 \sin \varphi)$ 

If a surface moves through the stripe pattern, the light scattered back by it is modulated in its intensity. A photoreceiver in the measuring head generates a signal whose frequency fD is directly proportional to the velocity component of the surface in the measuring direction vp, and the following applies:

$$fD = vp / \Delta s = (2v / \lambda) \sin \varphi$$

fD = doppler frequency

vp = velocity vector in measuring device

 $\Delta s$  = strip spacing in the measuring volume

The value  $\lambda/\text{sin}\phi$  forms the material measure for the speed and length measurement.

The gauge supplies a quadrature signal to the MID-COUNTER.



#### **Product Overview**

### Counter: MID-COUNTER

- length counter acc. MID 2014/32 / EU
- lood / waste or partial length counter
- correction factor and calibration function
- cutting control, value preselection, pre-/stop out
- storage of > 4 million measured values
- communication e.g. via MODBUS (serial + network)
  - + optional other field buses
- Welmec certificate of PTB available
- PTB construction unit certificate is available

## Laser-Encoder: µSPEED-SMART

- smart sensor with typ. accuracy of  $\pm$  0,05%
- speed range up to 4800 m / min
- for winding and cutting processes
- prepared for MID approval (MID 2014/32 / EU)

### Laser-Encoder: µSPEED-PRO

identical to µSPEED-SMART (see above), however:

- non-contact direction detection
- measurement from 0 m/min to 1200 m/min
- for any conveying process incl. start/stop and processes with direction change
- prepared for MID approval (MID 2014/32 / EU)

## Wheel-Encoder: µSPEED-WE

measuring wheel with wheel surface gummed or metal corrugated (optional other surfaces)

- for bidirectional measurement
- for slow winding and cutting processes
- for processes with moderate accelerations
- for non-slip material surfaces
- prepared for MID approval (MID 2014/32 / EU)

#### **Accessories**

- protocol / label printer μSPEED-PRT
- large displays µSPEED-DIS
- protective housing, air conditioning µSPEED-HSE
- optical adjustment monitoring µSPEED-OAJ-N
- laser protection tube µSPEED-TUBE



Fig 1: MID-COUNTER



Fig. 2: Laser-Encoder µSPEED-SMART/-PRO



Fig. 3: Wheel-Encoder µSPEED-WE



Fig. 4: Protocol-/label printer μSPEED-PRT



## **Technical Data**

		MID-COUNTER and µSPEED-PRO	MID-COUNTER and µSPEED-SMART	MID-COUNTER and  µSPEED-WE (wheel)
Parameter	Unit			
Direction detection	n	YES	via external	YES
		non-contact	direction signal	contact method
Start measure V=0		YES	NO	YES
		non-contact		contact method
Material presence		YES	optional	NO
		non-contact	non-contact	
Accuracy (typ.) (2σ;L>10m/3σ;L>20m)	%	± 0,05	± 0,05	typ. ± 0,3
Repeatability	%	± 0,02 of measurement value		± 0,1 of meas. value
Sensor-type		Laser-Encoder + counter		Wheel-Encoder + counter
Speed-range	m/min	0 bis ± 1.200	1 bis ± 4800	ca. 0 bis ± 300
	m/s	0-20	0,02-80	
Stand-off distance	mm	115±5 (±20)	120±5 (±20)	contact method
(Tolerances)			240±10 (±40)	
Interfaces		2 x RS-232		
		USB 2.0 Device (PC connect)		
		10/100 MBit Ethernet Interface		
I/Os		quadratur output		
	pls/m	1 to 100.000 (acc. to max speed)		
		input: 4 x digital		
		output: 4 x digital		
I/O Typ		RS-422 level Laser interlock (single, 24V) speed, length, laser interlock, valid measurement		
Available data				
		data storage: > 4 Mio measurement values		
Fieldbus		available protocolls: SOAP, XML, JSON, UPD		
		output for each reset: serial number, Meas-ID, meter, status		
		optional data output: date, time, pre-settings, order-N°		
Protection Class		Laser-Encoder sensor head		Wheel-Enc.: z.B IP65, IP66
		MID-COUNTER: front: IP51; back: IP20		
Sizes	mm	Laser-Encoder sensor head: 154x94x39 Wheel: acc. to diameter		
(LxBxH)		MID-COUNTER: 96x96x160		
Power supply		24VDC (18 V to 34 V)		
Weight	kg	sensor head: 0,9 kg; MID-COUNTER: 1,5 kg; Wheel: acc. to diameter		
Laser specification		25mW, 780 nm (laser class 3B) no Laser		
Environment Temp./		5 to 55°C - non condensating		
Humidity		outside temperature range external cooling / heating required		



## **Sizes**

Fig.:
Laser-Encoder sensor head:
Size and drilling
dimensions identical
for all system types
(µSPEED-SMART,-PRO)

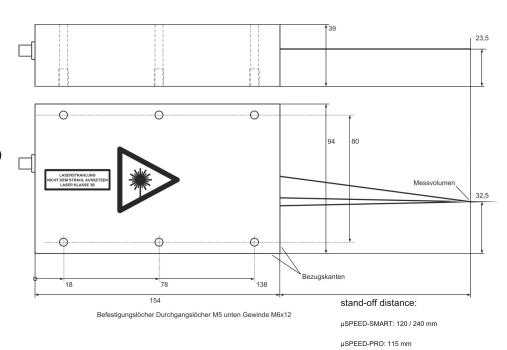
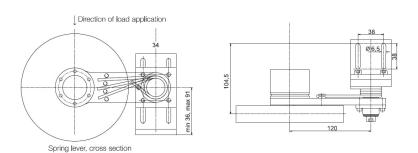
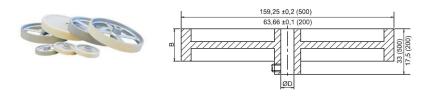


Fig.: Wheel-Encoder rotational encoder: Size according to wheel diameter (µSPEED-WE)









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